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| **Q.1)** | What is the nations first public universtiy? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | University of Gerogia (Your Answer) |
|  | **B.** | Harvard |
|  | **C.** | Yale |
|  | **D.** | Kennesaw |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.2)** | In the headright system how much land was given to the head of the house. | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | 5 acres |
|  | **B.** | 200 miles |
|  | **C.** | 600 square miles |
|  | **D.** | 200 acres (Your Answer) |
| **Correct** |  |  |

|  |  |  |
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| **Q.3)** | Who invented the cotton gin? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | Eli Whitney (Your Answer) |
|  | **B.** | Alexander McGilivray |
|  | **C.** | William McIntosh |
|  | **D.** | John Marshall |
|  | **E.** | Sir Isacc Newton |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.4)** | The city of Louisville was named after\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | Louis |
|  | **B.** | The king of England |
|  | **C.** | John Smith |
|  | **D.** | King Louis the 16 (Your Answer) |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.5)** | What did the court case of Worchester v. Georgia decied about the removal of the Cherokee? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | unfair |
|  | **B.** | constitutional |
|  | **C.** | unconsitutional (Your Answer) |
|  | **D.** | good idea |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.6)** | Why were the railroads so important? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | It allowed good to be transported faster |
|  | **B.** | Farms no longer needed to be near rivers |
|  | **C.** | It was cheaper than wagon |
|  | **D.** | It created the city of Atlanta |
|  | **E.** | All of the Above (Your Answer) |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.7)** | What city was once called Terminus? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | Augusta |
|  | **B.** | New Orleans |
|  | **C.** | Atlanta (Your Answer) |
|  | **D.** | Milledgville |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.8)** | The methodists and Baptists spread through the south because of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | lectures |
|  | **B.** | televangelists |
|  | **C.** | tent revivals (Your Answer) |
|  | **D.** | radio broadcasts |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.9)** | What was discovered in Dahlonega | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | Silver |
|  | **B.** | Gold (Your Answer) |
|  | **C.** | Iron |
|  | **D.** | Fruit |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.10)** | The spread of Methodist and Baptists earned the south the title of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | Bible Thumpers |
|  | **B.** | Bible Rope |
|  | **C.** | Church Place |
|  | **D.** | Bible Belt (Your Answer) |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.11)** | What was forced removal of the Cherokee later called? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | The Long Walk |
|  | **B.** | The Great Walk |
|  | **C.** | The Trail of Walking |
|  | **D.** | The Trail of Tears (Your Answer) |
|  |  |  |

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Q.12)** | Who went to Washington to try and help the Cherokee keep their land? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | John Smith |
|  | **B.** | John Ross (Correct Answer) |
|  | **C.** | John Marshall |
|  |  |  |

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| **Q.13)** | Who is the Supreme Court judge that ruled the Cherokee could keep their land? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | John Smith |
|  | **B.** | John Ross |
|  | **C.** | John Marshall (Your Answer) |
|  | **D.** | Thurgood Marshall |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.14)** | This cheif created the Syllabary. | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | William McIntosh |
|  | **B.** | Sequoyah (Your Answer) |
|  | **C.** | Crazy Horse |
|  | **D.** | Alexander McGillivray |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.15)** | What Creek cheif was killed for sell his tribes land for $200,000? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | Alexander McGillivray |
|  | **B.** | William McIntosh (Your Answer) |
|  | **C.** | Crazy Horse |
|  | **D.** | Sequoya |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.16)** | What group of Chreek wanted peace with white people? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | white sticks (Your Answer) |
|  | **B.** | redsticks |
|  | **C.** | Cherokee |
|  | **D.** | Creek |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.17)** | What Creek chief signed the treaty of New York? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | Sequoyah |
|  | **B.** | Alexander McGillivray (Your Answer) |
|  | **C.** | Crazy Horse |
|  | **D.** | William McIntosh |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Q.18)** | What group of Creeks hated white people? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | Cherokees |
|  | **B.** | Red Sticks (Your Answer) |
|  | **C.** | White Sticks |
|  | **D.** | Oconee |
| **Incorrect** |  |  |

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| **Q.19)** | Why were Georgians upset about the Yazoo Land Fraud? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | Land that was supposed be given away was sold (Correct Answer) |
|  | **B.** | The land was given away (Your Answer) |
|  | **C.** | The president kept the money |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.20)** | A major religious movement that swept through the United States between 1790 and 1830 which helped increase interest in religion. | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | syllabary |
|  | **B.** | embargo |
|  | **C.** | The Second Great Awakening (Your Answer) |
|  | **D.** | revival |
|  | **E.** | cotton |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.21)** | Was extremely important to the Southern economy and became the dominant cash crop for the entire South. | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | syllabary |
|  | **B.** | embargo |
|  | **C.** | The Second Great Awakening |
|  | **D.** | revival |
|  | **E.** | cotton (Your Answer) |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.22)** | A system of writing that used symbols to represent syllables; this was the first written language developed by Native Americans. | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | syllabary (Your Answer) |
|  | **B.** | embargo |
|  | **C.** | The Second Great Awakening |
|  | **D.** | revival |
|  | **E.** | cotton |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.23)** | term used when one particular country stops trade with another country. | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | syllabary |
|  | **B.** | embargo (Your Answer) |
|  | **C.** | The Second Great Awakening |
|  | **D.** | revival |
|  | **E.** | cotton |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.24)** | A meeting meant to interest people in religion. | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | syllabary |
|  | **B.** | embargo |
|  | **C.** | The Second Great Awakening |
|  | **D.** | revival (Your Answer) |
|  | **E.** | cotton |
| **Correct** |  |  |

|  |  |  |
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| **Q.25)** | A Cherokee Indian who developed the first writing system for Native Americans**.** | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | John Marshall |
|  | **B.** | Abraham Baldwin |
|  | **C.** | Andrew Jackson |
|  | **D.** | Sequoyah (Your Answer) |
|  | **E.** | William McIntosh |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.26)** | A former representative for the state of Georgia, this individual founded the University of Georgia. | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | John Marshall |
|  | **B.** | Abraham Baldwin (Your Answer) |
|  | **C.** | Andrew Jackson |
|  | **D.** | Sequoyah |
|  | **E.** | William McIntosh |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.27)** | This person was the Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court and determined that the  Indian Removal Act of 1830 was unconstitutional. | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | John Marshall (Your Answer) |
|  | **B.** | Abraham Baldwin |
|  | **C.** | Andrew Jackson |
|  | **D.** | Sequoyah |
|  | **E.** | William McIntosh |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.28)** | Was the Principal Chief of the Creek Nation and was executed by his own people for signing away the rest of the Creek land to the United States federal government. | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | John Marshall |
|  | **B.** | Abraham Baldwin |
|  | **C.** | Andrew Jackson |
|  | **D.** | Sequoyah |
|  | **E.** | William McIntosh (Your Answer) |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.29)** | Became the seventh president of the United States in 1828 while running under a campaign that stressed the importance of Indian removal. | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | John Marshall |
|  | **B.** | Abraham Baldwin |
|  | **C.** | Andrew Jackson (Your Answer) |
|  | **D.** | Sequoyah |
|  | **E.** | William McIntosh |
| **Incorrect** |  |  |

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| **Q.30)** | Alexander McGillivray was… | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | a famous Cherokee Chief who fought for the rights for the Cherokee Nation through the federal court system. (Your Answer) |
|  | **B.** | a famous Creek Indian Chief who was murdered by his own people for signing away the rights to Creek land to the United States federal government. |
|  | **C.** | a famous Creek Indian who represented the Creeks during the American Revolution and helped protect Creek rights, as well as centralize their power. |
|  | **D.** | A famous Creek Indian who signed the 1790 Treaty of New York on behalf of the Cherokee people. (Correct Answer) |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.31)** | Under this system, each white male that counted as a head of a household had the right to receive up to 1,000 acres of land. | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | The Georgia Land Policy System |
|  | **B.** | The Compact System |
|  | **C.** | The Great Western Migration |
|  | **D.** | The Head-Right System (Your Answer) |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.32)** | For a small fee, any white male twenty-one years of age could win land.  Up to 30 million acres of land were given away through this system. | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | The land lottery process (Your Answer) |
|  | **B.** | The Louisiana Purchase |
|  | **C.** | The Creek Indian Removal |
|  | **D.** | The Yazoo Land Fraud |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.33)** | This became the new capital of Georgia in 1786. | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | Savannah |
|  | **B.** | Louisville (Your Answer) |
|  | **C.** | Atlanta |
|  | **D.** | Augusta |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.34)** | In 1803, the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_took place and more than doubled the size of the United States. | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | Yazoo Land Fraud |
|  | **B.** | Trail of Tears |
|  | **C.** | Louisiana Purchase (Your Answer) |
|  | **D.** | Lewis and Clark expedition |
| **Correct** |  |  |

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| **Q.35)** | Choose the statement that is **incorrect.** | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | The cotton gin was an invention that deseeded cotton bolls at a much faster rate than humans. |
|  | **B.** | The invention of the cotton gin led to an increased demand for farmland in order to produce more cotton. |
|  | **C.** | The invention of the cotton gin led to an increased demand for slave labor throughout the South. |
|  | **D.** | The invention of the cotton gin helped improve working conditions for southern slaves. (Your Answer) |
| **Correct** |  |  |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Q.36)** | Which famous event brought attention to the Cherokee land and influenced thousands of new  settlers to invade Cherokee territory? | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | The Battle of Horseshoe Bend |
|  | **B.** | The War of 1812 |
|  | **C.** | The 1829 Dahlonega Gold Rush (Your Answer) |
|  | **D.** | Worchester v. Georgia |
| **Unanswered** |  |  |

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| **Q.37)** | Choose the statement that is **incorrect.** | |
|  |  | |
|  | **A.** | During the early 1800s, canals and railways were built across the United States and contributed to an easier and faster way to ship and trade goods. |
|  | **B.** | As a result of the development of canals and railways, the United States population began to spread due to an ease in transportation. |
|  | **C.** | Due to the construction of canals and railroads, the development of new towns and cities spread throughout the United States. |
|  | **D.** | E. The construction of canals and railroads throughout the United States did little to support trade, as well as the exchange of commerce between the states.  (Correct Answer) |