GEORGIA AND PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

Despite the opposition of Eugene Talmadge, many Georgians felt uniquely close to President Franklin Delano Roosevelt:

• President Roosevelt suffered from a painful, paralyzing disease called polio.
• To treat his polio, Roosevelt often visited Warm Springs, GA, where the natural warm spring waters provided therapeutic pain relief for their pain.
• Roosevelt established the Warm Springs Foundation in 1927 and built a home nearby after his presidential election in 1932.

FDR visited his Warm Springs home so often, it became known as the “Little White House.”
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Despite the opposition of Eugene Talmadge, many Georgians felt uniquely close to President Franklin Delano Roosevelt:

• Roosevelt’s exposure to rural Georgia during his visits to Warm Springs helped him create effective New Deal programs that would address real problems.

• Many of Roosevelt’s New Deal policies assisted farmers and youth, and the National Youth Administration (NYA) helped female and minority youth between 16-25 receive jobs so they could finish their education.

SS8H9 – The student will describe the impact of World War 2 on Georgia’s development economically, socially, and politically.
What do you remember about…
…the Holocaust and FDR’s Georgia Connection ???

1. The Nazi persecution of the Jews and other races during World War 2 was called the ________.

2. During World War 2, approximately ________ Jews were murdered by the Nazis.

3. __________ means hatred of the Jews.

4. ______ is the systematic murder of a specific ethnic group or race of people.

5. In 1986, Governor Joe Frank Harris created the __________________________
__________.

6. President Franklin D. Roosevelt suffered severely from a disease called _____.

7. To treat his disease, Roosevelt often traveled to ____________.

8. The __________________________ provided jobs to female and minority youth.

SS8H9 – The student will describe the impact of World War 2 on Georgia’s development economically, socially, and politically.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

Location affects a society’s culture, economy, and development. Georgia’s location made it particularly vulnerable to the ravages of Mother Nature (e.g., the boll weevil and the drought). In what ways could Georgia have prevented the agricultural disasters of the early 20th Century? In what ways was the long-term development of GA impacted by the agricultural disasters of the 20th Century?

SS8H8 – The student will analyze the important events that occurred after World War I and their impact on Georgia.
ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS:

The beliefs and ideals of a society influence the social and political decisions of a society. How have America’s views of the role of government changed as a result of the Franklin Delano Roosevelt presidency and the New Deal? In what ways did the New Deal continue to impact our society? What particular impact did FDR have on Georgia?

SS8H9 – The student will describe the impact of World War 2 on Georgia’s development economically, socially, and politically.